

"Achieving high sensitivity without the need for a high-power optical or THz source, near-field probes or prisms, opens up a number of possibilities," lead author Kazunori Serita says. "We are very excited about the potential of our findings to lead to rapid Microanalysis of biological samples for early disease detection -- ScienceDaily

detection and compact device design. In particular, we see our results accelerating the development of THz lab-on-a-chip devices."

This highly adaptable technology is likely to ripple out into many areas of analytical and biochemistry, as well as cell biology, and clinical medicine.

Story Source:

Materials provided by **Osaka University**. Note: Content may be edited for style and length.

Journal Reference

 Kazunori Serita, Eiki Matsuda, Kosuke Okada, Hironaru Murakami, Iwao Kawayama, Masayoshi Tonouchi. Invited Article: Terahertz microfluidic chips sensitivity-enhanced with a few arrays of meta-atoms. APL Photonics, 2018; 3 (5): 051603 DOI: 10.1063/1.5007681

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